PRINCETON UNIVERSITY



Webinar: The future social and political implications of COVID-19

WITH TYLER COWEN

PROFESSOR, GEORGE MASON UNIVERSITY

Friday, April 10, 12:30 PM ET Pre-registration Required









Introduction: MARKUS BRUNNERMEIER

Twitter: @MarkusEconomist

Website: bcf.Princeton.edu

Mo/Fri Lunch Webinars

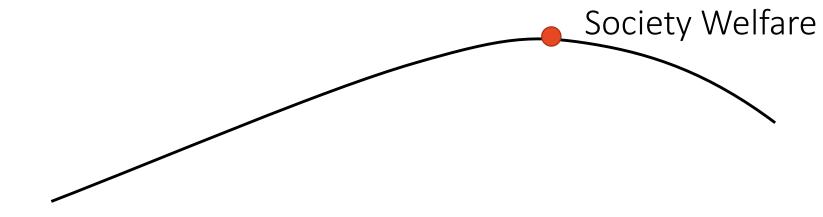


- Previous webinars
 - Paul Romer:
 - Cost efficient way forward relies on testing to bring R(0) < 1
 - Olivier Blanchard: fiscal policy
 - 3 forms of fiscal policy:
 (1) infection fighting (2) disaster relief (people/firms) (3) AD management
 - Fiscal debt sustainability if $r^* < g$
- Speakers coming up + more
 - Deaton, Goldberg, Shin, Stiglitz, James, Rodrik, Kremer, Cochran



Social Order





Better externality internalization Incentives: stick

Authoritarian



surveillance

Better information aggregation by markets Incentives: carrot

Open society

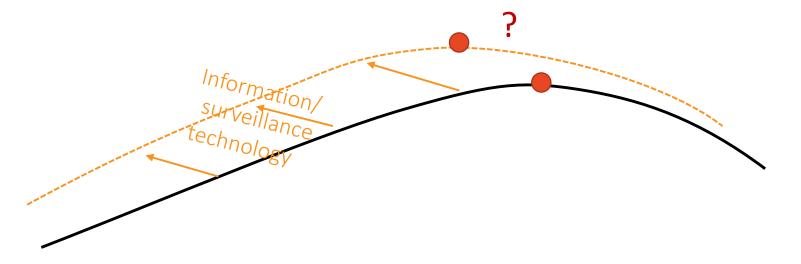


privacy

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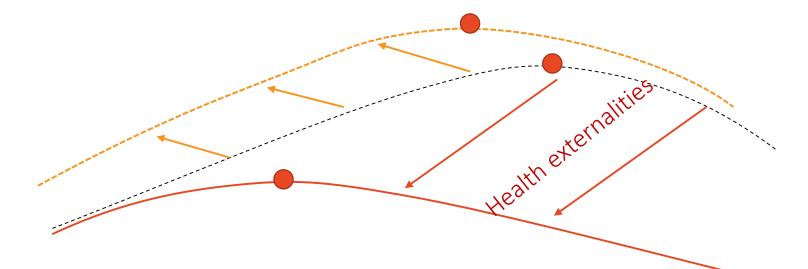
Open society



privacy

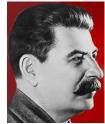
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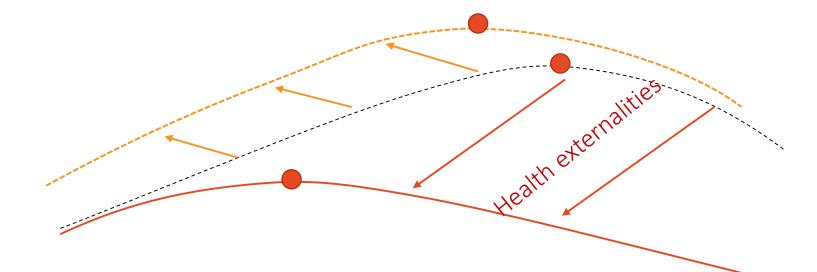
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privacy

Will we return after the COVID crisis?

Poll 01: social order



- Governments will restrict individual freedoms (to internalize externalities)
 - a. permanently
 - b. only temporarily we will return to a (relatively) "free and open society"
- Can technology be "controlled" to avoid surveillance of individual behavior
 - a. Yes
 - b. No

Expert/technocrats vs. populism Expert/technocrats vs. populism

- Expertise
 - Virologists play first fiddle
 - Exponentially moving target
 - Need model
 - Similar to climate change/economics

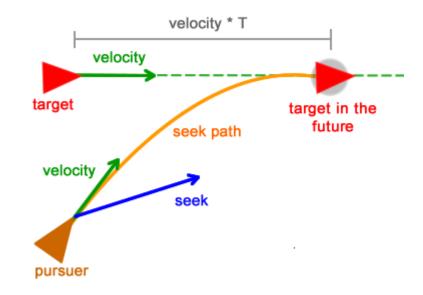
Populism

Expert/technocrats vs. populism Endre Pender Ce

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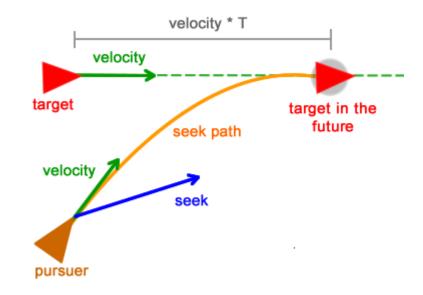
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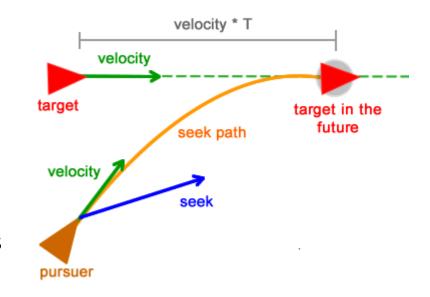
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- Populism
 - After political backlash

Expert/technocrats vs. populism Pender

- Expertise
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- Populism
 - After political backlash
- Does COVID crisis reveal true quality of government?
 - Communication is key
- Are voters myopic and moody?

Poll 02: political stability

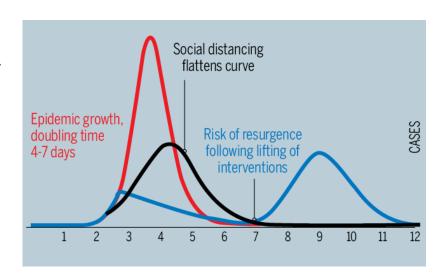


- How will the evolution of COVID crisis change the political landscape
 - a. Trust in political expertise (and science) trumps populism
 - b. COVID crisis will make politics less polarized
 - c. Repeated flare-ups will undermine political leadership and lead to more extremism
 - Religion will be playing an increasingly important role as the crisis drags on
- Will voters recognize externalities from insufficient health insurance and change attitude towards universal health insurance?
 - a. Yes
 - b. No

Lock-down exit decision



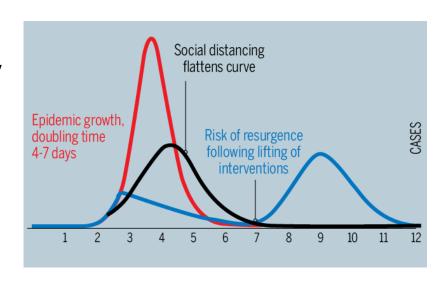
- Benefit of early exit
 - Fewer losses accumulate (buffers run out)
 - Political pressure will mount
- Cost of early exit
 - Second flare-up uncertainty shatters confidence
 - economic instability
 (no investment)
 - political instability



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1 min pause to switch over from Markus to Tyler

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Social and political implications Pendheim Ce





Public opinion on China





"Rally around the flag"



- Prime Minister Giuseppe Conte's approval has rallied from 46 percent to 71 percent
- Merkel's already stellar job performance numbers have <u>risen</u> 11 points, to 79 percent
- Macron has seen a 15-point jump to 51 percent <u>approval</u> in a country notorious for disliking its political leaders
- Cuomo's support has jumped from 44 percent in February to 71 percent at the end of March.
- Trump?

Left, Right, and Center



PRIVACY

LOCKDOWNS

GOVT. SPENDING

CENTRIST AUTHORITARIANISM

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Wellcapitalized firms

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Deglobalization and less immigration

Social distancing





Telecommuting?





Services & public entertainments BENDHEIM



Which countries/sectors will recover most quickly?





United States: rising or falling?





European Union:rising or falling Pender of the Bender of t



Poll 01: social order



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Thank you!

See you on Monday at 12:30

With Angus Deaton



"COVID and Death of Despair"